PATENT COOPERATION TREATY REC'D 1 5 NOV 2006

PCT

REC'D 1 5 NOV 2006

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 47956/301791	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416						
International application No. PCT/US2005/038519	International filing date (day/month/ye 25.10.2005	Priority date (day/month/year) 25.10.2004						
International Patent Classification (IPC) or INV. A61F2/06	national classification and IPC							
Applicant ALVEOLUS, INC. et al								
Authority under Article 35 and tra	nsmitted to the applicant according t							
2. This REPORT consists of a total	of 8 sheets, including this cover she	eet.						
3. This report is also accompanied I	y ANNEXES, comprising:							
	o the International Bureau) a total of							
⊠ sheets of the descript and/or sheets contain Administrative Instruc	ng rectifications authorized by this A	ave been amended and are the basis of this report Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the						
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.								
sequence listing and/or fair	b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s)), containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in electronic form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).							
4. This report contains indications re	lating to the following items:							
	ort							
☐ Box No. II Priority								
-	ent of opinion with regard to novelty.	, inventive step and industrial applicability						
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of		we will be of and madelial applicability						
☐ Box No. V Reasoned state applicability; cita	ment under Article 35(2) with regard tions and explanations supporting s	(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial as supporting such statement						
Box No. VI Certain docume								
	n the international application							
☑ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application								
Date of submission of the demand	Date of comm	pletion of this report						
		and topolit						
03.10.2006	14.11.2006	14.11.2006						
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:	Authorized of	Authorized officer						
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 52365	PRECHTE	EL, A						
Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465		0. +49 89 2399-2332						

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/US2005/038519

_						
_	Box No. I Basis of the report					
1. With regard to the language, this report is based on						
	oxtimes the international application	in the language in which it was filed				
	of a translation furnished for ☐ international search (und ☐ publication of the interna	onal application into , which is the language r the purposes of: der Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b)) tional application (under Rule 12.4(a)) examination (under Rules 55.2(a) and/or 55.3(a))				
2.	. With regard to the elements* of have been furnished to the recei report as "originally filed" and are	the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which iving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this e not annexed to this report):				
	Description, Pages					
	1, 3-8	as originally filed				
	2, 2a	filed with the demand				
	Claims, Numbers					
	16-23	as originally filed				
	1-15	filed with the demand				
	Drawings, Sheets					
	1/2, 2/2	as originally filed				
	☐ a sequence listing and/or any	y related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing				
3.	☐ The amendments have resulting the description, pages ☐ the claims, Nos. ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs ☐ the sequence listing (spec ☐ any table(s) related to sec	cify):				
4.	and not been made, since they has Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)). ☐ the description, pages ☐ the claims, Nos. ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs ☐ the sequence listing (spec	cify):				
	□ any table(s) related to sec * If item 4 applies, son	quence listing (specify): ne or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded "				

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/US2005/038519

		x No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial plicability						
1.	The obv	The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:						
		the entire international application,						
	\boxtimes	claims Nos. 11-23						
	bec	cause:						
	\boxtimes	the said international application, or the said claims Nos. 17-23 relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):						
		see separate sheet						
		the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):						
		the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed <i>(specify)</i> .						
	\boxtimes	no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos. 11-23						
		a meaningful opinion could not be formed without the sequence listing; the applicant did not, within the prescribed time limit:						
		In furnish a sequence listing on paper complying with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions, and such listing was not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.						
		furnish a sequence listing in electronic form complying with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions, and such listing was not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.						
		□ pay the required late furnishing fee for the furnishing of a sequence listing in response to an invitation under Rules 13 <i>ter</i> .1(a) or (b) and 13 <i>ter</i> .2.						
		a meaningful opinion could not be formed without the tables related to the sequence listings; the applicant did not, within the prescribed time limit, furnish such tables in electronic form complying with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions, and such tables were not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.						
		the tables related to the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing, if in electronic form only, do not comply with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions.						
	\boxtimes	See separate sheet for further details						

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/US2005/038519

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

2-5,10

No: Claims

1,6-9

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

1-10

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-10

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VI Certain documents cited

1. Certain published documents (Rule 70.10)

and /or

2. Non-written disclosures (Rule 70.9)

see separate sheet

Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

Re Item III.

- Claims 17-23 deal with a method of removing or repositioning a stent within a lumen, which inevitably constitutes a surgical act. Therefore the subject-matter of these claims has not been searched (Rule 39.1(iv) PCT Method for treatment of the human or animal body by surgery) and no examination is carried out (Rule 67.1 (iv) PCT).
- Claims 11-16 are not unitary with claims 1-10 and have not been searched and no examination is carried out (Rule 66.1(e) PCT):

Two separate groups of inventions are covered by the claims:

- 1. Claims 1-10: a stent with an intertwined element comprising an engageable member in such a way that applying a force to the engageable member does not result in purse-stringing.
- 2. Claims 11-16: a stent with engageable members arranged circumferentially about one of the stent's ends and one element disposed through the members in such a way that applying a force to the element results in purse-stringing.

They are not linked to form a single general inventive concept (Rule 13.1 PCT) for the following reasons:

Prior art document **D4= US5749921 A** discloses a stent comprising engageable members in such a way that applying a force to one engageable member does not result in purse-stringing.

The common concept linking the two groups of inventions is a stent with engageable members. This concept is known from **D4**, therefore it is neither novel nor inventive. Since the claims are not linked by one single inventive concept, the requirement of unity is not met (Rule 13.1 PCT).

For the first invention, the problem with respect to the prior art is to find an alternative to the way of fixing the engageable members to the stent. The solution is to provide engageable members that are fixed by intertwining around the stent struts, therefore the special technical feature is the intertwined

element.

Regarding the second invention, when a stent is to removed in the prior art, the diameter of the stent is reduced by pulling a plurality of threads (Fig. 7 of **D4**). Coordination of this plurality of threads is cumbersome and the problem is to find an easier way of reducing the diameter. The solution is to provide an element passing through the engageable members arranged circumferentially around the stent, thereby providing a loop that will reduce the diameter of the stent in a purse-string mechanism. The special technical feature is the element passing circumferentially through the engageable members.

These special technical features (intertwined element, element passing circumferentially through the engageable members) are not the "same or corresponding" within the meaning of Rule 13.2 PCT, so the requirement of unity (Rule 13.1 PCT) is not met.

Re Item V.

1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: US 2003/149475 A1 (HYODOH HIDEKI ET AL) 7 August 2003

D2: EP 0 701 800 A (C.R. BARD, INC) 20 March 1996

D3: US 2002/040236 A1 (LAU LILIP ET AL) 4 April 2002

D4: US 5 749 921 A (LENKER ET AL) 12 May 1998

D5: US-B1-6 241 757 (AN SUNG SOON ET AL) 5 June 2001

2. INDEPENDENT CLAIM 1

The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of **claim 1** is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT. Document **D2** discloses:

"A removable stent for placement within a lumen (stent/anchor 14R in Figs. 35-38) comprising: a scaffolding of struts configured to define a substantially cylindrical member having a proximal end and a distal end (struts/wire segments 18 in Figs. 35-38), the stent further comprising:

and at least one flexible element spirally wound along at least a portion of a respective strut (element/hook 142 with torsion spring 144 is spirally wound around the struts/wire segments 18 in Figs. 35, 36; col. 19, line 27-col. 20, line 17.),

wherein the element comprises at least one engageable member (the engageable member/hook is engageable with the vessel wall)

such that a force applied to the engageable member does not result in purse-stringing (applying a force to engageable member/hook will not circumferentially constrict the stent and reduce its diameter, i.e. purse-stringing)."

It might be argued that **claim 1** is novel over **D2** since a torsion spring is not made of flexible material. However this is not convincing, since the expression "flexible" refers to a material that is "able to revert to original size and shape after being stretched, squeezed, or twisted <used a <u>flexible</u> plastic for the toy>" (Merriam Webster Online Thesaurus, http://m-w.com) and "may or may not be resilient or elastic but which can be bent or folded without breaking <<u>flexible</u> plastic tubing>" (Merriam Webster Online Dictionary, http://m-w.com). A torsion spring is therefore clearly made of a flexible material.

3. DEPENDENT CLAIMS 2-9

Dependent claims 2-8 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of novelty and/or inventive step (Article 33(2) and (3) PCT) as all their features are disclosed in documents

D1 (pars. [0020], [0021]; Fig. 31),

D2 (column 19, line 27 - column 20, line 29; Figs. 1, 35-38),

D3 (pars. [0135]-[0137]; Figs. 17, 18),

D4 (column 5; Fig. 5) or

D5 (column 9, lines 53-61; Fig. 15).

Re Item VI.

Certain published documents

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

PCT/US2005/038519

Application No Patent No Publication date (day/month/year)

Filing date (day/month/year)

Priority date (valid claim) (day/month/year)

WO 05/79705

01-09-2005

09-02-2005

11-02-2004

Disclosed is a stent with an anchoring clip comprised of a wire intertwined with the struts of the stent.

Re Item VII.

 Independent claim 1 is not in the two-part form ("characterised by") contrary to Rule 6.3(b) PCT.

Re Item VIII.

The requirements of Article 6 PCT are not met. In **claim 9** it is not clear what limitation the term "suture material" imparts upon the flexible element as surgical sutures may be made of a huge variety of materials, in particular steel or Nitinol wires. Since such a wire is also used as a hook with torsion spring in **D2**, this also leads to lack of novelty.

when the wire or thread is guided or braided in multiple windings around the support frame, a high degree of friction results between the two stent components, which has a disadvantageous effect on the explantation process. In addition, stents having eyelets for looping the thread therethrough may have sharp edges that cause the thread to tear or break during the removal process.

Alternatively, physicians have grasped the thread ends with forceps or a similar instrument to reposition or remove the stent from within the lumen. However, this can be complex at times when the tissue has grown over the suture thread. Also, the suture may not be strong enough to remove the stent. Grasping may lead to damage to the stent itself, as the forceps may have difficulty accessing or adequately gripping the thread to remove or reposition the stent. Physicians may also use grasping forceps to grab the struts of the stent at a proximal end and remove the stent from the deployment site, but this also risks damage to the lumen or the stent, as the proximal end of the stent may be difficult to access.

Various techniques have been developed for positioning or removing a stent within a lumen. For example, U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 20030149475 to Hyohoh et al. discloses a reinforcement wire (510) passing outside a biodegradable body, wherein the wire is threaded in and out of openings in the body 500 (see Figure 31). Hyohoh also discloses that the ends of the reinforcement wire may be secured to the body with loops (550) or other means, such as tying or twisting. Moreover, the reinforcement wire is described as being formed of a shape memory material, such as nitinol, that can be activated to pull the ends (560) and (570) of the body together, resulting in a tighter weave.

European Patent No. EP0701800 to C.R. Bard, Inc. discloses a synthetic vascular graft (12) and anchor assembly attached thereto. The anchor assembly is used to retain the graft in position within the lumen. More specifically, the anchor assembly may include a pair of anchors (14R, 14I) that consists of a wire configured in a zigzag pattern such that the anchors may resiliently expand into engagement with the lumen when deployed. In addition, the anchors may include hooks (24) that dig into the lumen wall to prevent migration. The anchors may

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REPLACEMENT SHEET

Printed: 26/10/2006

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also be retracted such that the graft is insertable within a tubular delivery device for deployment and removal.

U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 20020040236 to Lau et al. discloses a procedure for folding and deploying an expandable stent. The stent (122) generally includes a plurality of torsion members (104) that are held in a phased relationship using a flexible linkage (124). Lau also discloses that the stent may be folded for deployment. In particular, Lau discloses that the stent may be folded longitudinally and positioned within a lumen of a catheter for deployment. Moreover, tether lines (306) may be employed to maintain the stent in the folded configuration. Removing the tether lines from the loops (308) unfolds the stent so that the stent may be expanded to a cylindrical shape within the lumen.

In addition, U.S. Patent No. 5,749,921 to Lenker et al. discloses an apparatus and method for compressing an endoluminal prosthesis. In particular, Lenker discloses a plurality of filament loops (58) that extend through a shaft (34) and loop around a frame (74) of a prosthesis (72). Tensioning the filament loops causes the prosthesis to compress inwardly such that moving the shaft 34 distally compresses the remainder of the prosthesis. To deploy the prosthesis, the filament loops are typically cut and removed from the prosthesis.

Moreover, U.S. Patent No. 6,241,757 to An et al. discloses a stent that is formed by winding a single filament wire in a zigzag and/or spiral pattern. FIG. 15 of An discloses a retrieving member that facilitates retrieval of the stent. The retrieving member includes fixed nylon wires (52) connected to the filament and retrieving wires (54) supported by the fixed wires.

Thus, there is a need in the industry for a stent that reduces the risk of damage to the stent, thread or suture, and/or the surrounding tissue during removal or repositioning of the stent. In addition, there is a need for a stent that provides for greater accessibility, as well as promotes effective repositioning and/or removal of the stent from a lumen.

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THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED:

1. A removable stent (10) for placement within a lumen comprising a scaffolding of struts (12, 14) configured to define a substantially cylindrical member having a proximal end and a distal end, the stent further comprising:

at least one flexible element (16) spirally wound along at least a portion of a respective strut, wherein the element comprises at least one engageable member such that a force applied to the engageable member does not result in pursestringing.

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2. The stent according to Claim 1, wherein the struts comprise a plurality of interconnected legs arranged circumferentially about the stent and a plurality of connectors interconnecting the legs and extending along a longitudinal axis of the stent.

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3. The stent according to Claim 2, wherein at least a portion of each element is wound longitudinally along a plurality of connectors in a spiral-like configuration.

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4. The stent according to Claim 2, wherein at least a portion of the element is wound circumferentially along a plurality of legs in a spiral-like configuration.

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5. The stent according to Claim 2, wherein each element is spirally wound about a plurality of legs and connectors, and wherein free ends of each element are joined together to define an engageable member.

6. The stent according to Claim 1, wherein at least a portion of each element is wound proximate to the proximal or distal ends of the scaffolding.

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7. The stent according to Claim 6, wherein a free end of each element proximate to the proximal or distal ends is configured as an engageable member.

- 8. The stent according to Claim 1, wherein at least a portion of the engageable member extends proximally from the proximal end or distally from the distal end.
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- 9. The stent according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one element comprises a flexible suture material.
- 10. The stent according to Claim 1, wherein the at least one engageable member comprises a loop.
 - 11. A removable stent for placement within a lumen comprising: a scaffolding of struts configured to define a substantially cylindrical member having a proximal end and a distal end; and
 - a plurality of engageable members arranged circumferentially about at least one of the proximal and distal ends; and

at least one element disposed within each of the engageable members and about the circumference of the proximal or distal end, wherein a force applied to the element at the proximal or distal end causes the proximal or distal end to reduce in diameter.

- 12. The stent according to Claim 11, wherein at least a portion of each of the engageable members is intertwined about at least a portion of the struts.
- 25 13. The stent according to Claim 11, wherein each of the engageable members is attached to an outer periphery of the proximal or distal end.
 - 14. The stent according to Claim 11, wherein each of the engageable members extends proximally from the proximal end or distally from the distal end.
 - 15. The stent according to Claim 11, wherein the plurality of engageable members and at least one element comprise a suture material.

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REPLACEMENT SHEET

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

REC'D 0 5 JUL 2006 From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY PCT To: WRITTEN OPINION OF THE see form PCT/ISA/220 INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (PCT Rule 43bis.1) Date of mailing (day/month/year) see form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) Applicant's or agent's file reference FOR FURTHER ACTION see form PCT/ISA/220 See paragraph 2 below International application No. International filing date (day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year) PCT/US2005/038519 25.10.2005 25.10.2004 International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC INV. A61F2/06 Applicant ALVEOLUS, INC. This opinion contains indications relating to the following items: 1.

- - Box No. I Basis of the opinion
 - ☐ Box No. II Priority
 - Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
 - Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention
 - Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
 - Box No. VI Certain documents cited
 - Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application
 - Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

2. **FURTHER ACTION**

If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will usually be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA"). However, this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notifed the International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered.

If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of three months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.

For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220.

3. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.

Name and mailing address of the ISA:

European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465

Authorized Officer

Prechtel, A-K

Telephone No. +49 89 2399-2332



International application No. PCT/US2005/038519

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	B	ox No	o. I Basis of the opinion					
1.	 With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. 							
		ian	s opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following guage , which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search der Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).					
2.	Wi ne	ith rec	gard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and ary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:					
	a.	type	of material:					
			a sequence listing					
			table(s) related to the sequence listing					
	b. 1	forma	at of material:					
		□ i	n written format					
		□ i	n computer readable form					
	c. t	ime c	f filing/furnishing:					
			contained in the international application as filed.					
		□ f	iled together with the international application in computer readable form.					
	- 1	□ f	urnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.					
3.		copi	ddition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional es is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as oppriate, were furnished.					
4.	Add	ditiona	al comments:					

International application No. PCT/US2005/038519

Bo ap	ox No. III Non-establishment of plicability	of o	oinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial					
Th ob	The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:							
	the entire international application,							
	claims Nos. 17-23, 11-16							
be	cause:							
	the said international application does not require an internation	n, oi al pr	the said claims Nos. relate to the following subject matter which eliminary examination <i>(specify)</i> :					
	the description, claims or drawi unclear that no meaningful opin	ings nion	(indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so could be formed (specify):					
	the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.							
\boxtimes	no international search report has been established for the whole application or for said claims Nos. 17-23,							
	the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing does not comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions in that:							
	the written form		has not been furnished					
			does not comply with the standard					
	the computer readable form		has not been furnished					
			does not comply with the standard					
	the tables related to the nucleot not comply with the technical re	ide a quire	and/or amino acid sequence listing, if in computer readable form only, do ements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions.					
	See separate sheet for further of	letail	s					

International application No. PCT/US2005/038519

_	Box	x No. I\	Lack of unity of ir	rventic	on						
1	1. ☑ In response to the invitation (Form PCT/ISA/206) to pay additional fees, the applicant has:										
	☐ paid additional fees.										
			paid additional fees u	ınder p	orotest.						
			not paid additional fe	es.							
2		This A	uthority found that the plicant to pay addition	require al fees.	ement of u	ınity of inver	ntion is not	complied	with and	chose not	to invite
3	. This	Author	ity considers that the	require	ment of u	nity of inven	tion in acc	ordance w	ith Rule 1	3.1, 13.2 a	and 13.3 is
	□ c	omplie	d with								
	⊠n	ot com	plied with for the follow	ving re	asons:						
		see se	parate sheet								
4.	. Con:	sequen	tly, this report has bee	n esta	blished in	respect of th	he following	g parts of t	he intern	ational app	olication:
	 Consequently, this report has been established in respect of the following parts of the international application: □ all parts. 										
	Box indu	No. V strial a	Reasoned stateme pplicability; citations	nt und	ler Rule 4 explanation	3 <i>bis</i> .1(a)(i) ons suppor	with regar	rd to nove	ity, invei	ntive step	or
1.	State							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Nove	elty (N)		Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-10					
	Inver	ntive ste	ep (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-10					
	Indus	strial ap	plicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-10					
2.	Citatio	ons and	d explanations								

see separate sheet

International application No. PCT/US2005/038519

Box No. VI Certain documents cited

- Certain published documents (Rules 43bis.1 and 70.10)
 and /or
- 2. Non-written disclosures (Rules 43bis.1 and 70.9)

see form 210

Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

Re Item III.

Claims 17-23 deal with a method of removing or repositioning a stent within a lumen, which inevitably constitutes a surgical act. Therefore the subject-matter of these claims has not been searched (Rule 39.1(iv) PCT - Method for treatment of the human or animal body by surgery).

Re Item IV.

Two separate groups of inventions are covered by the claims:

- 1. Claims 1-10: a stent with an intertwined element comprising an engageable member in such a way that applying a force to the engageable member does not result in purse-stringing.
- 2. Claims 11-16: a stent with engageable members arranged circumferentially about one of the stent's ends and one element disposed through the members in such a way that applying a force to the element results in purse-stringing.

They are not linked to form a single general inventive concept (Rule 13.1 PCT) for the following reasons:

Prior art document **D4**= **US5749921** A discloses a stent comprising engageable members in such a way that applying a force to one engageable member does not result in purse-stringing.

The common concept linking the two groups of inventions is a stent with engageable members. This concept is known from **D4**, therefore it is neither novel nor inventive. Since the claims are not linked by one single inventive concept, the requirement of unity is not met (Rule 13.1 PCT).

For the first invention, the problem with respect to the prior art is to find an alternative to the way of fixing the engageable members to the stent. The solution is to provide engageable members that are fixed by intertwining around the stent struts, therefore the special technical feature is the intertwined element.

Regarding the second invention, when a stent is to removed in the prior art, the diameter of the stent is reduced by pulling a plurality of threads (Fig. 7 of **D4**). Coordination of this plurality of threads is cumbersome and the problem is to find an easier way of reducing the diameter. The solution is to provide an element passing through the engageable members arranged circumferentially around the stent, thereby providing a loop that will reduce the diameter of the stent in a purse-string mechanism. The special technical feature is the element passing circumferentially through the engageable members.

These special technical features (intertwined element, element passing circumferentially through the engageable members) are not the "same or corresponding" within the meaning of Rule 13.2 PCT, so the requirement of unity (Rule 13.1 PCT) is not met.

Re Item V.

1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: US 2003/149475 A1 (HYODOH HIDEKI ET AL) 7 August 2003

D2: EP 0 701 800 A (C.R. BARD, INC) 20 March 1996

D3: US 2002/040236 A1 (LAU LILIP ET AL) 4 April 2002

D4: **US 5 749 921 A** (LENKER ET AL) 12 May 1998

D5: US-B1-6 241 757 (AN SUNG SOON ET AL) 5 June 2001

2. INDEPENDENT CLAIM 1

2.1 The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of claim 1 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT.
Document D1 discloses:

"A removable stent for placement within a lumen (stent 500 in Fig. 31, par. [0021]) comprising: a scaffolding of struts configured to define a substantially cylindrical member having a proximal end and a distal end (struts/filaments 540 in Fig. 31, pars. [0239], [0319]); and at least one element intertwined about at least a portion of the struts (element/reinforcement wire 510 in Fig. 31, par. [0220]), wherein the element comprises at least one engageable member (engageable member/loop 550)

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in Fig. 31, par. [0220]: "loops 550 may also be used in securing body 500 to a delivery system")

such that a force applied to the engageable member does not result in purse-stringing (Applying a force to member/loop 550 will warp the stent but will not circumferentially constrict the stent and reduce its diameter, i.e. purse-stringing)."

It should be noted that the subject-matter of **claim 1** is also disclosed in prior art documents **D2**, **D3**, **D4** or **D5**.

3. DEPENDENT CLAIMS 2-9

Dependent claims 2-8 do not contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of novelty and/or inventive step (Article 33(2) and (3) PCT) as all their features are disclosed in documents **D2**, **D3**, **D4** or **D5** (see search report).

Re Item VI.

Certain published documents

Application No	Publication date	Filing date	Priority date (valid claim)
Patent No	(day/month/year)	(day/month/year)	(day/month/year)
WO 05/79705	01-09-2005	09-02-2005	11-02-2004

Disclosed is a stent with an anchoring clip comprised of a wire intertwined with the struts of the stent.

Re Item VII.

- Independent claim 1 is not in the two-part form contrary to Rule 6.3(b) PCT.
- The features of the claims are not provided with reference signs placed in parentheses (Rule 6.2(b) PCT).

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• The relevant background art **D1-D4** is not disclosed (Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT).

Re Item VIII.

In **claim 9** it is not clear what limitation the term "suture material" imparts upon the element as the range of material that can be used as suture material ranges from flexible and pliable threads to inflexible wires like those used in **D1**. Therefore the requirement of Article 6 PCT is not met.